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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/570,482	10/17/2006	Hajime Kurita	5000-5303	2786
	7590 08/25/200 FINNEGAN Transition	EXAMINER		
C/O Locke Lor	d Bissell & Liddell	GARCIA, FRANCIS Y		
3 WORLD FINANCIAL CENTER NEW YORK, NY 10281-2101			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3746	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/25/2009	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

Shopkins@Lockelord.com OWalker@Lockelord.com

Office Action Summary		Applica	Application No. Ap		pplicant(s)			
		10/570,	482	KURITA ET AL.				
		Examin	er	Art Unit				
		FRANCI	IS GARCIA	3746				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun or Reply	ication appears on t	he cover sheet with	the correspondence ac	dress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status								
	Responsive to communication(s) file	ad on 01 March 200	6					
2a)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>01 March 2006</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
3)□		<i>′</i> —		s prosecution as to the	e merits is			
٠/١	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims	,	· • • •	,				
· · ·		nlication						
•	Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
'=	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are rejected.							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Claim(s) <u>1-1</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
•	Claim(s) is/are objected to: Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ction and/or election	requirement					
		Stiorr aria, or election	requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
9) 🔲	The specification is objected to by th	e Examiner.						
10)🛛	The drawing(s) filed on <u>01 <i>March 20</i></u>	<u>06</u> is/are∶ a) <u> acce</u>	∍pted or b)⊠ objec	ted to by the Examine	r.			
	Applicant may not request that any obje	ction to the drawing(s)) be held in abeyance	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	the correction is requ	ired if the drawing(s)	is objected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
2) Notic 3) Inforr	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date <u>01/30/2007, 08/14/2006, 03</u>	·	Paper No(s)/N	nmary (PTO-413) Mail Date rmal Patent Application				



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DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

1. Figures 9 and 10 should be designated by a legend such as --Prior Art-- because only that which is old is illustrated. See MPEP § 608.02(g). Corrected drawings in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The replacement sheet(s) should be labeled "Replacement Sheet" in the page header (as per 37 CFR 1.84(c)) so as not to obstruct any portion of the drawing figures. If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-3 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shimizu et al. (U.S 2001/0045158) in view of Sugioka et al. (U.S 2002/0067996).

Regarding claim 1, Shimizu discloses a swash plate compressor, comprising a drive shaft (7), a swash plate (6) coupled to the drive shaft to be rotatable integrally with the drive shaft, piston (10) coupled to the swash plate via shoes (11a,b), rotation of the drive shaft rotates the swash plate, which causes the pistons to reciprocate and

compress gas, with varying inclination angles of the swash plate, the_compressor being characterized by: and an inclined surface provided at part of the entire outer circumferential edge portion of the swash plate, but the compressor fails to have variable displacement and pistons. Sugioka has the teaching of compressor with variable displacement Fig 1a with pistons (17). Sugioka's piston 17 could be attached along with shoes to the other side of the swash plate 6. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to apply the teachings of variable displacement from Sugioka to Shimizu's compressor in order to give greater operating range to the compressor.

Regarding claim 2, Shimizu discloses a compressor, wherein part of the outer circumferential edge portion of the swash plate 6 corresponding to the piston located at the top dead center position is provided with the inclined surface on a salient comer opposite to the piston(See fig 3).

Regarding claim 3, Shimizu's as modified by Sugioka discloses a compressor, wherein part of the outer circumferential edge portion of the swash plate corresponding to the piston located at the bottom dead center position is provided with the inclined surface on a salient corner toward the piston (Refer to fig 3).

Regarding claim 7, Shimizu discloses a swash plate compressor, comprising a drive shaft (7), a swash plate (6) coupled to the drive shaft to be rotatable integrally with the drive shaft, piston (10) coupled to the swash plate via shoes (11a,b), rotation of the drive shaft rotates the swash plate, which causes the pistons to reciprocate and compress gas, with varying inclination angles of the swash plate, the compressor being

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characterized by: and an inclined surface provided at part of the entire outer circumferential edge portion of the swash plate, a first inclined surface provided at part of the outer circumferential edge portion of the swash plate corresponding to the piston located at the top dead center position on a salient corner opposite to the piston, but the compressor fails to have variable displacement and a second piston with a second inclined surface, located at the bottom dead center position on a salient corner toward the piston. Sugioka has the teaching of compressor with variable displacement Fig 1a with pistons (17). Sugioka's piston 17 could be attached along with shoes to the other side of the swash plate 6. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to apply the teachings of variable displacement from Sugioka to Shimizu's compressor in order to give greater operating range to the compressor.

3. Claims 4 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shimizu et al. (U.S 2001/0045158) in view of Sugioka et al. (U.S 2002/0067996) in further view of Prior art submitted by applicant (figure 10).

Regarding claim 4, Shimizu's as modified by Sugioka discloses a compressor, wherein the swash plate includes a first swash plate, which is coupled to the drive shaft to be rotatable integrally with the drive shaft, but fails to and a second swash plate supported by the first swash plate, the pistons are coupled to the first and second swash plates via first shoes, which abut against the first swash plate, and second shoes, which abut against the second swash plate and receive a reaction force of compression, and part of the outer circumferential edge of the first swash plate

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corresponding to the piston located at the top dead center position is provided with the inclined surface on a salient corner opposite to the second swash plate. Prior art (Fig 10) discloses a swash plate compressor with a second swash plate 95. The second swash plate from the Prior art teachings can be applied to the compressor of Shimizu as modified by Sugioka. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to apply the teachings of a second swash plate from the Prior art to the compressor of Shimizu as modified by Sugioka in order to reduce the wear and tear of the shoes.

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Regarding claim 5, Shimizu's as modified by Sugioka in further view of Prior Art discloses a compressor, wherein part of the outer circumferential edge portion of the first swash plate corresponding to the piston located at the bottom dead center position is provided with the inclined surface on a salient corner toward the second swash plate.

4. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shimizu et al. (U.S 2001/0045158) in view of Sugioka et al. (U.S 2002/0067996) in view of Prior art submitted by applicant (figure 10) in further view of Kanai et al (U.S 6, 095, 761).

Regarding claim 6, Shimizu discloses the compressor mentioned above, wherein the gas is refrigerant used in a refrigeration circuit, but fails to use carbon dioxide as the refrigerant. Kanai has the teachings of a compressor using carbon dioxide. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to apply the teaching of carbon dioxide from Kanai to Shimizu's compressor in order to increase the capacity of the compressor.

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Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The following references are cited for disclosing related limitation of the applicant's claimed and disclosed invention: Pawelski et al (U.S 2003/0165389); Tabuchi et al. (U.S. 2004/0165993); Sugiura et al. (U.S 2002/0159895). Pawelski, Tabuchi and Sugiura disclose variable displacement compressor with features relevant to claims filed by applicant.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to FRANCIS GARCIA whose telephone number is (571)270-7105. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Friday 9-5 p.m. EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Devon Kramer can be reached on (571)272-7118. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Charles G Freay/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3746

/FRANCIS GARCIA/ Examiner, Art Unit 3746